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1.	Prior to 17 July 1951, the 7hth Belocerkevsky Inf Reft was located in Korlovy Vary (N 51/F 69) where it had been transferred from Most (N 51/F 13) between June and December 1950. Its headquarte the regiment units and the lat and 2d Bns were quartered in the Dvory Barracks, the 3d Bn in the Dvory I Barracks. (1)	rs.
2.	The regiment was subordinate to the 13th Inf Div in Karlovy Vary which was commanded by Colonel Rytir, (fnu). Infantry units in Cheb (N 51/Mar. Lazne (Marienbad) (N 50/P 56) and Kladno (N 51/L 59) and an artiunit in Sokolov (Falkenau) (N 51/L 50) were also subordinate to this sion. (2)	P 37), Llery
3.	Officers of the regiment included Lieutenant Colonel Fahrner, (fnu), manding officer, who succeeded Colonel Borfsky, (fnu), the commanding officer in Most; Junior Lieutenant Elizationko, (fnu), political officeajor Enezu, (fnu), chief of staff; Major Pohoralek, commanding office lst Bn; Hajor Klicek, (fnu), commanding officer of 2d Bn; and Staff Garstek, (fnu), commanding officer of 3d Ba. (3)	cer; er (î
ļţo	The regiment had three organic battalions and the regimental units, in ing the headquarters company, the submachine gun company, the reconnariance company and the motor transport company. There were also an AT ler, unit, an artillery unit and a mortar unit of undetermined subordition. The 1st Bn was organized into the 1st through 3d Inf Cos, the SIG Co and a signal unit; the 2d Bn into the 6th through 8th Inf Cos, the 8th Co consisting of first-rate troops and called the Guards Compathe 9th SIG Co and a 10th Co of an undetermined type; and the 3d Bn in 11th through 13th Inf Co, with the 13th Co numbering 36 to 39 men and sisting of 2 plateons of 3 squads each, the 15th Engr Co which used to outside the post, and the NGC school being the 15th Co. From the nest in the total strength of the regiment was estimated at 1,200 to 1,500 The strength fluctuated, with personnel being detached to labor brigan	is- arill- ina- ith with any, nto the cor- o be s bulle- O troops.
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- 5. The mortar company was equipped with Soviet 120-mm mortars. Formerly equipped with 45-mm AT guns, in May 1951 the AT artillery company was furnished with new Soviet 57-mm AT guns with barrels about h meters long, without muzzle brake, which were towed by old Steyr motor vehicles. The infantry gun company had Soviet 76.2-mm guns. The 13th Co was equipped with 70 model 98-J rifles, 6 Czech model 26 light machine guns, 20 Czech model 48 submachine guns; 6 German telescopic-sight rifles and 2 Czech model 37 heavy machine guns. (5)
- 6. In early 1951, about 30 new Fraga RN trucks, 10 new Skoda jeeps and about 10 Jawa motorcycles were issued to the regiment. In addition, there were about 30 x 1½-ton Aero-150 trucks, about 12 old Steyr motor vehicles and 5 old jeeps. After the arrival of the motorcycles, about 50 horses were still in the Dvory II Barracks. (6)
- 7. Between 15 June and 15 July 1951, summer maneuvers were hold in the Kaisber-wald, with units from Karlovy Vary, two infantry battalions from Podborany (N 51/L 09), and units from Cheb, Mar. Lazne, Kladno and Sekolev participating. Firing practice with light infantry weapons was held during the first week and field exercises at regimental level during the second week. The exercises also involved about 5 T-3h tanks and on 1 SP gun of about 100mm from Zatec (N 51/F 10), two 105-mm batteries from Sekolev and some fighter planes. The phases of the exercises included combat in towns, annihilation of pockets of resistance, etc.
- 8. In the summer of 1950, a course of instruction in the use of chemical warfare agents (BCHL bojove chemische latky) was held on the drill ground near Mimon (0 51/F 95). It was attended by soldiers from Podborany, Most Karlovy Vary, Cheb, Litomerice (N 51/F 53) and Velvety, about 5 km southeast of Teplice Sanov (N 51/F 3h). Gas detection was precticed and the concentration of the agent identified by means of German glass tubes. Decontamination was effected by employing chloride of lime. The trainees were light German and heavy Czech gas protective clothing and old German gas masks with new filters.
- 9. Later on, practices were held with German model h1-N flame throwers, which included a pressure cylinder and one container each with summer and winterfuel. Soldiers were cas masks and asbestos clothes.
- 10. In addition, a pencil containing a denolition charge a glass cylinder ctaining 3/4 liter of fuel for employment against tanks, and phosphorus strips for setting fire on corn and houses were shown to the trainees.

 Lectures were given on remote-controlled stationary flame through and the physical principles of the atomic bomb.
- 11. In the spring of 1950, a Soviet general and other Soviet officers repeatedly inspected the Every II Barracks and the field exercises. The officers were billeted in the Imperial and Pupp Hotels. Numerous Soviet field-grade officers, including some who had dependents with them, were seen in the streets of Karlovy Vary.
- 12. In addition to the 3d Bn, the Dvory I Barracks in Karlovy Vary quartered a unit of about 30 men with dogs. Antering of the unit's quarters was strictly prohibited. (7)
- 13. Training camps (VVT) were located in Lucenec (Q 49/D 01), Oremov Laz (Q 49/C 72), near Frydek-Mistek (Q 50/O 67) and near Vihorlat (R 49/E 95). An equipment depot was located in Litomerice and a ration supply depot in the large wine vaults of this town. In 1949, a notorized artillery unit with 76.2-mm and 57-mm gams was stationed in Mosice (R 49/E 34). About 10 T-34 tanks were also seen there. (8) The military Skola Zizkova school, where the final examinations at high school level could also be passed, was located in Spisska Mova Ves (R 49/D 87).

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14.	Prior to April 1950, an officer candidate school was located in a barracks installation on Komenskeho ul. in Kosice. Officers Of the school included l'ajor Lovik, (fnu), commanding officer; lieutenant Cerny, (fnu), DO2 officer; and Staff Capt Jenik, (fnu), political officer. The school was organize into seven platoons of 30 to 40 men each. Instruction was given by civilian teachers of the local high school in physics, mathematics, geography, history chemistry, Slovak language and political indestrination. Filitary instruction included the study of ballistics, man reading, signal-communications, theoretical engineer training and employment of chemical warfare agents such as Yperite, nitrogen Yperite, Lewisite brombenzyleyanide, benzylbromide, chlorpicrin, phosgene and diphosgene. (9)	
(1)	The 70th Inf Nett has been carried as belonging to the 12th Inf Div in Lost. It has been known that the 1st En was transferred from Velvety to the Dvory I Barracks in Karlovy Vary in October 1950. It remains to be determined whether the infantry regiment in Most with all its battalions joined the 13th Inf Div or whether contingents of this regiment were left behind in order to be used for the activation of	6
	a new infantry regiment of the 12th Inf Div. There had been no information	
	on the whereabouts of the 77th Inf Bn which has been carried in the Bwory MI	
(2)	Barracks. The report confirms the 13th Inf Div in Kerlovy Vary and its commanding officer Colonel or Major General Rytir, (fnu). Kladno is not in the billeting area of the 13th Inf Div. It is carried as the post of a motorized infantry unit of the 5th Mtz Inf Div in Slany.	
(3)	A Major Fahrner, (fnu), was reported to be DOZ officer of the 35th Inf Regi-	
	in Domaslice in January 1950. Staff Capt Mapretek, (fnu), was chief of staff of the 74th Inf Regt in Most in May 1919.	
(4)	An organic infantry battalion of a regiment is believed to consist of five	
Г	companies. This belief is apparently confirmed by the report	
	The engineer company and the 1800 school are	•
_	believed to be directly assigned to the regiment.	
(5)	It has been repeatedly reported that the history runs of the infantry region	
Г	ments would be replaced by Soviet 57-mm AT guns in the spring of 1951.	
(6)	The comparatively nigh number of motor vehicles indicates that the regi-	
. ,	ment is at least partially motorized. The components of the 13th Tre niv	
101	have been carried as horse-drawn units to date.	
(4)	The unit probably belongs to the FS brigade, which is carried in Karlovy Vary.	
(8)	The 261st AT arty Bn is barried in Kosice. Tank troopers have not been	•
` '	reported stationed in Kosice. There has been only one vacue report indicat-	
101	ing that tanks were detrained in Kosice in the fall of 1969.	
(9)	Probably the school for infantry reserve officers, which is known to be located in Kosice.	

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